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OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY PRINCIPAL  
ACADEMICS, STUDENT AFFAIRS AND RESEARCH

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# UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

## 2018/2019 ACADEMIC YEAR

SECOND YEAR FIRST SEMESTER REGULAR EXAMINATION

### FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF COMPUTER SCIENCE



COURSE CODE: COM 215

COURSE TITLE: ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS

DATE: 13<sup>TH</sup> DECEMBER, 2018

TIME: 9.00 AM – 12.00 NOON

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#### INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES

- SEE INSIDE

THIS PAPER CONSISTS OF 5 PRINTED PAGES

PLEASE TURN OVER

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**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- Answer **ALL** Questions from section A and any other **THREE** questions.
- Maps and diagrams should be used whenever they serve to illustrate the answer
- Do not write on the question paper

**SECTION A (24 MARKS) COMPULSORY****QUESTION ONE (12 Marks)**

- Find the total charge in a cylindrical conductor (solid wire) and compute the current flowing in the wire. 5 Marks
- State Kirchoff's voltage and current laws. 3 Marks
- Apply both KVL and KCL to each of the two circuits depicted in Figure 1a & 1b below to obtain equations for each of the two circuits by applying KCL and KVL. 8 Marks

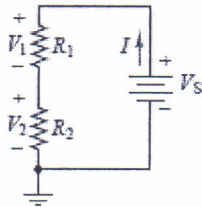


Fig. 1a

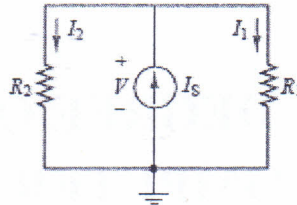


Fig. 1b

- Determine the voltage  $v_3$  in the circuit of Figure 2. 4 Marks

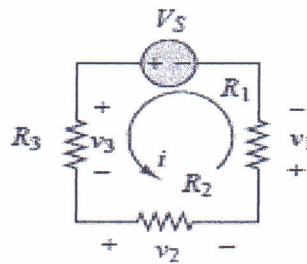
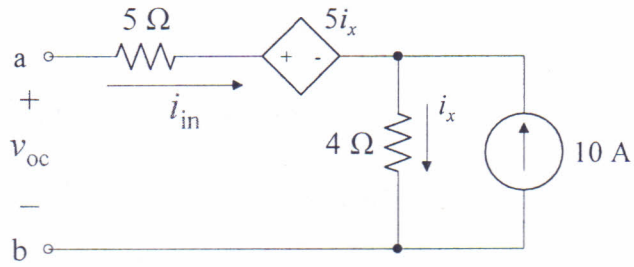


Fig. 2

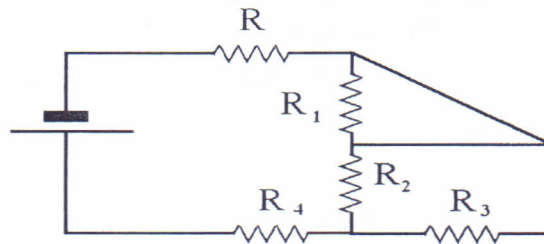
**QUESTION TWO (12 Marks)**

- State Superposition theorem. (3 Marks)
- A 200 V, 50 Hz, inductive circuit takes a current of 10A, lagging 30 degree.  
Find  
(i) the resistance

Figure 5

**QUESTION FIVE (12 Marks)**

- A wire carries a steady current of 0.1 A over a period of 20 s. What total charge passes through the wire in this time interval? (4 Marks)
- A metallic conductor has a resistivity of  $18 \times 10^{-6} \Omega \cdot \text{m}$ . What is the resistance of a piece that is 30 m long and has a uniform cross-sectional area of  $3.0 \text{ mm}^2$ ? (4 Marks)
- If  $R_1 = R_2 = R_3 = R_4 = 10 \Omega$  and  $R = 20 \Omega$ , what is the equivalent resistor of the circuit? (4 Marks)

**QUESTION SIX (12 Marks)**

- State Thevenin's theorem and by use of diagram(s), explain its application in electrical circuits analysis. (3 Marks)
- From first principles, prove that in a series circuit for three resistors  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ , and  $R_3$ , the effective resistance ( $R_{\text{eff}}$ ) is given by  $R_{\text{eff}} = R_1 + R_2 + R_3$  (3 Marks)
- Define Laplace transform of a function  $f(t)$ ; hence find the Laplace transforms for the function (3 Marks)
- Explain the operation of a series circuit. (3 Marks)

**QUESTION SEVEN (12 Marks)**

- State Norton's theorem and by use of an appropriate diagram explain its application in electrical circuit analysis. (4 Marks)
- Define the following terms as applied in electrical principles circuitries: (4 Marks)

- i. Impedance
  - ii. Resonance
  - iii. Reactance
  - iv. Conductance
- c. Explain the operation of a parallel circuit, hence from first principles prove that in a parallel circuit for the three resistors  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ , and  $R_3$ , the resistance ( $R_{eff}$ ) is given by  $R_{eff} = \frac{R_1 R_2 R_3}{(R_1 R_2 + R_2 R_3 + R_3 R_1)}$  (4 Marks)

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