



**ALUPE UNIVERSITY**

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY VICE CHANCELLOR

ACADEMICS, RESEARCH AND STUDENTS' AFFAIRS

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**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS**

**2025/2026 ACADEMIC YEAR**

**FOURTH YEAR FIRST SEMESTER REGULAR MAIN EXAMINATION**

**FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF EDUCATION  
ARTS & SCIENCE**

**COURSE CODE: MAT 404**

**COURSE TITLE: ~~ANALYTICAL METHODS~~  
NUMERICAL**

**DATE: MONDAY, 15/12/2025**

**TIME: 9AM-12PM**

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**INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES**

- SEE INSIDE

**THIS PAPER CONSISTS OF 3 PRINTED PAGES PLEASE TURN OVER**

**STREAM: CS**

**DURATION: 3 Hours**

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**INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES**

- Answer ALL questions from section A and any THREE from section B*
- Do not write on the question paper.*

**SECTION A, COMPULSARY (31 MARKS)**

**QUESTION ONE (15 MARKS)**

- a) Define a PDE and give an example of a linear PDE of order 2. (2 marks)  
b) Expand  $f(x) = x^3$  in the interval  $(-\pi, \pi)$  as a Fourier series. (6 marks)  
c) Solve the IVP using D'Alembert's method;  $U_{tt} = 9U_{xx}$   $t > 0$  where initial conditions are;

$$u(0, x) = x^2 + 2x \quad -\infty < x < \infty$$

$$u_t(0, x) = \cos 3x \quad (7 \text{ marks})$$

**QUESTION TWO (16 MARKS)**

- a) Determine the Laplace transform of:

$$2e^{3t}(4 \cos 2t - 5 \sin 2t) \quad (5 \text{ marks})$$

- b) Find the fourier cosine transform of  $f(x) = e^{-mx}$ ,  $m > 0$  (7 marks)

- c) Verify the initial value theorem for the function whose Laplace transform is  $(2t - 3)^2$

(4 marks)

**SECTION B, ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS (39 MARKS)**

**QUESTION THREE (13 MARKS)**

- a) Find  $\Gamma(-\frac{5}{2})$  (3 marks)

- b) Solve the following IVP by method of separation of variables

$$U_{tt} = 36U_{xx}, \quad t > 0, 0 \leq x \leq 1, \text{ given that the conditions are,}$$

$$u(0, x) = 0, \quad u_t(0, x) = 4$$

$$u(t, 0) = 0, \quad u(t, 1) = 0$$

(10 marks)

**QUESTION FOUR (13 MARKS)**

- a) Solve  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u$ , using method of separation of variables (5 marks)  
b) Expand  $e^x$  about  $x = 0$  up to the term in  $x^4$  using Taylor series. (8 marks)

**QUESTION FIVE (13 MARKS)**

- a) Find  $L\{-3 \sin 3t\}$  using the Laplace transform derivative for  $F(t) = \cos 3t$  (3 marks)
- b) Find  $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{3s+7}{s^2-2s-3}\right\}$  (5 marks)
- c) Find the fourier series to the function (5 marks)
- $$f(x) = \begin{cases} 4 & \text{if } -5 < x < 0 \\ 3 & \text{if } 0 < x < 5 \end{cases} \quad p = 10$$

**QUESTION SIX (13 MARKS)**

- a) Distinguish between linear and nonlinear PDE and give two examples in each case. (5 marks)
- b) A tightly stretched string with fixed end points  $x = 0$  and  $x = l$  on the x-axis. At time  $t = 0$  it has a shape given by  $f(x)$ ,  $0 < x < l$ , and is released from rest. Find the displacement of the string at any later time. Use  $\left(\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2} = a^2 \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2}\right)$ ,  
 $y(x, t) = (A_1 \sin \lambda x + B_1 \cos \lambda x)(A_2 \sin \lambda at + B_2 \cos \lambda at)$  (8 marks)

**QUESTION SEVEN (13 MARKS)**

- a) Show that spherical harmonics form an orthogonal set of functions. (6 marks)
- b) An insulated rod of length  $l$  has its end A and B maintained  $0^\circ\text{C}$  and  $100^\circ\text{C}$  respectively until steady state condition prevail. If B is suddenly reduced to  $0^\circ\text{C}$  and maintained at  $0^\circ\text{C}$ . Find the temperature at a distance  $x$  from A at time  $t$ . (7 marks)