

CHE 403



OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY PRINCIPAL
ACADEMICS, STUDENT AFFAIRS AND RESEARCH

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

2021/2022 ACADEMIC YEAR

FOURTH YEAR SECOND SEMESTER REGULAR EXAMINATION

FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF
EDUCATION SCIENCE

COURSE CODE: CHE 403

COURSE TITLE: HETEROCYCLIC AND
STEREOCHEMISTRY

DATE: 8TH JUNE, 2022

TIME: 1400 – 1700 HRS

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES

- SEE INSIDE

THIS PAPER CONSISTS OF PRINTED PAGES 3

PLEASE TURN OVER

REGULAR – MAIN EXAM

CHE 403: HETEROCYCLIC AND STEREOCHEMISTRY

STREAM: BED (Scie)

DURATION: 3 Hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

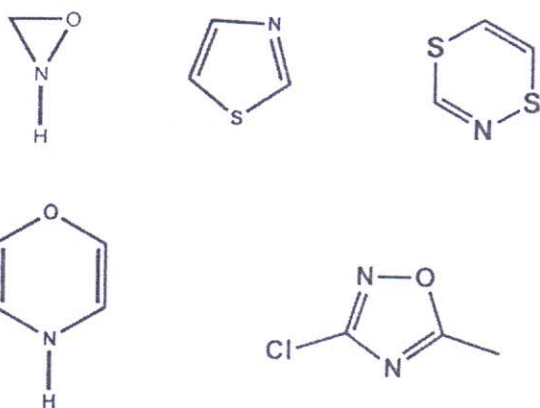
- i. Answer **ALL** questions.
- ii. Diagrams may be used whenever they serve to illustrate the answer.
- iii. Do not write on the question paper.

Question One

- a) What is stereochemistry (2 Marks)
- b) Differentiate between the stereochemical terms
 - i. A chiral molecule and an achiral molecule (2 Marks)
 - ii. A chirality and a chiral center (2 Marks)
 - iii. Enantiomer and diastereomer (2 Marks)
 - iv. Why is stereochemistry important to the pharmaceutical industry (2 Marks)
 - v. Explain why stereochemistry has extremely important implications in life (2 Marks)

Question Two

- a) Name **four** heterocyclic based pharmaceutical drugs in local markets. (2 Marks)
- b) Name the following heterocyclic compounds. (5 Marks)



- c) Explain why heterocycles undergo substitution reactions much faster than benzene under similar conditions (4 Marks)
- d) Describe the commercial importance of furan (1 Mark)

Question Three

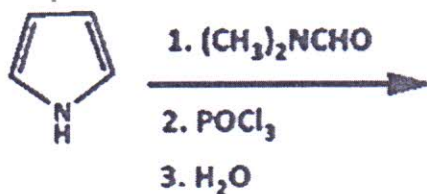
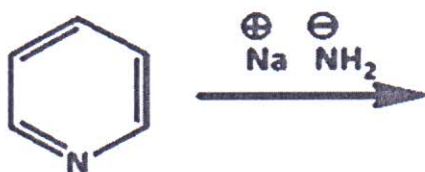
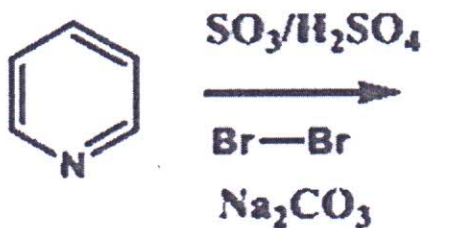
- a) Heterocycles are named by following set nomenclature. Explain in detail **Three** IUPAC ways of naming. (6 Marks)
- b) Explain why six membered heterocycles are generally electron deficient compared to benzene (3 Marks)
- c) Describe three key differences between the structure of pyridine and benzene. (3 Marks)

Question Four

- a) Using relevant equations and examples, explain Feist-Benary synthesis of furans, pyrroles and thiopenes (3 Marks)
- b) Draw the structures of the following compounds: (9 Marks)
- i. Oxirane
 - ii. Thiirane
 - iii. Aziridine
 - iv. Oxetane
 - v. Thietane
 - vi. Azetidione
 - vii. Oxolane
 - viii. Thiolane
 - ix. Azolidine

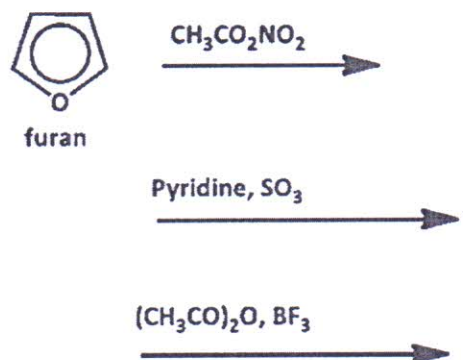
Question Five

- a) Using relevant equations and examples, explain Knorr-pyrrole synthesis of furans, pyrroles and thiopenes (3 Marks)
- b) Explain, giving reasons, the preferred electrophilic and nucleophilic substitution positions in five membered aromatic heterocycles (5 Marks)
- c) Determine the product for the reactions below? (4 Marks)



Question Six

- a) Discuss some reactions that can be predicted for pyridines on the basis of their electronic structure (5 Marks)
- b) Complete the following reactions of furans. For each, state the type of reaction (3 Marks)



- c) Using relevant equations and examples, explain Fiesselmann synthesis of furans, pyrroles and thiopenes

(5 Marks)
